

STAR

Semantic Technologies for Archaeological Resources

http://hypermedia.research.glam.ac.uk/kos/star/











Project Outline

- 3 year AHRC funded project
 - Started January 2007, finish December 2009
- Collaborators
 - English Heritage
 - RSLIS, Denmark

Aims

- "To investigate the potential of semantic terminology tools for widening access to digital archaeology resources, including disparate datasets and associated grey literature"
- To demonstrate cross search and browsing at detailed, meaningful level





Introduction

Data Modelling (RDF)

- CIDOC Conceptual Reference Model (CRM)
- English Heritage Ontological Model (CRMEH)
- English Heritage thesauri & glossaries (SKOS)

Data Mapping

- Mapping issues domain specific vs. general model
- Granularity, coverage
- Data normalisation issues

Data Extraction

- Custom extraction utility
- Consolidation to RDF 'triple store' database

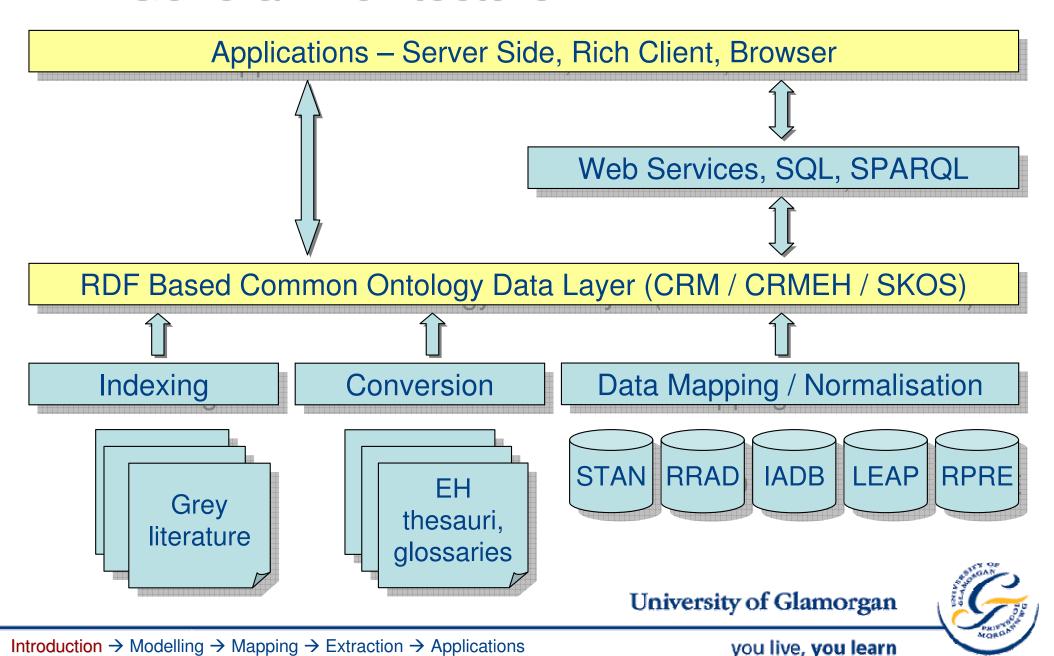
Pilot Applications

- SKOS Web Service / Client applications
- CRM Web Service / Client applications

OR OF STREET



General Architecture





Data Modelling - RDF

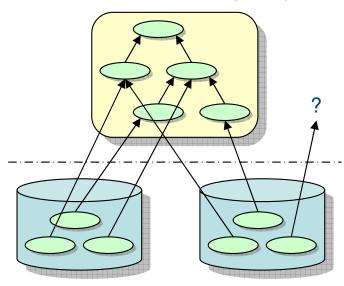
- CRM [http://cidoc.ics.forth.gr/]
 - CIDOC Conceptual Reference Model
 - International standard ISO 21127:2006
- CRMEH [http://hypermedia.research.glam.ac.uk/kos/CRM/]
 - English Heritage Ontological Model
 - Extends CIDOC CRM for archaeological domain
- **SKOS** [http://www.w3.org/2004/02/skos/]
 - Simple Knowledge Organisation System
 - RDF representation of thesauri, glossaries, taxonomies, classification schemes etc.





Potential Data Mapping Problems

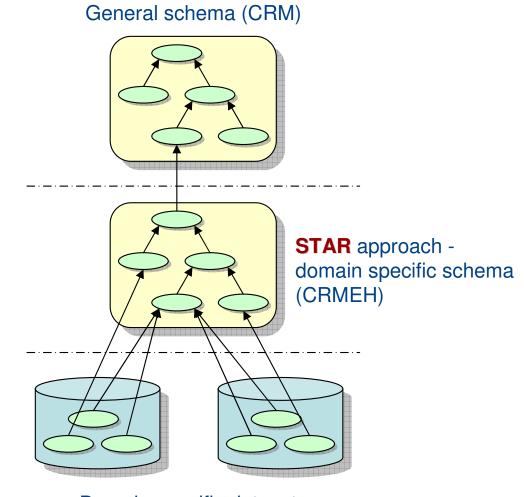
General schema (CRM)



Domain specific datasets

- "...the abstractness of the [CRM] concepts...makes them ambiguous to any human user."
- "...If several experts specify mappings independently...they will produce incompatible mappings and fail the goal of enabling interoperability."

[from **BRICKS** FP6 IP Poster, ECDL2007]



Domain specific datasets





Data Mapping Exercise

- Mapped DB Field → CRMEH Entity
 - manual process, requires expert domain knowledge
- Needed to Consider
 - Granularity & completeness of mapping
 - Model coverage vs. dataset coverage
 - Event based vs. relational model
 - Events only implicit in mappings and datasets



Data Normalisation Issues

- Identifiers URI References
 - [Prefix]entity.database.table.column.rowid
 - http://...#EHE0007.rrad.context.contextno.24845
- Coordinates EH Recording Manual
 - Easting/northing/AOD (in metres)
 - 110575/190865/120.48
- Dates/Periods W3C/ISO8601 'big-endian' format
 - CCYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss
 - 2007-05-03T16:19:23
- Controlled fields Data cleansing / mapping
 - EH Thesauri from EH DSU, Swindon
 - EH Glossaries from Recording Manual



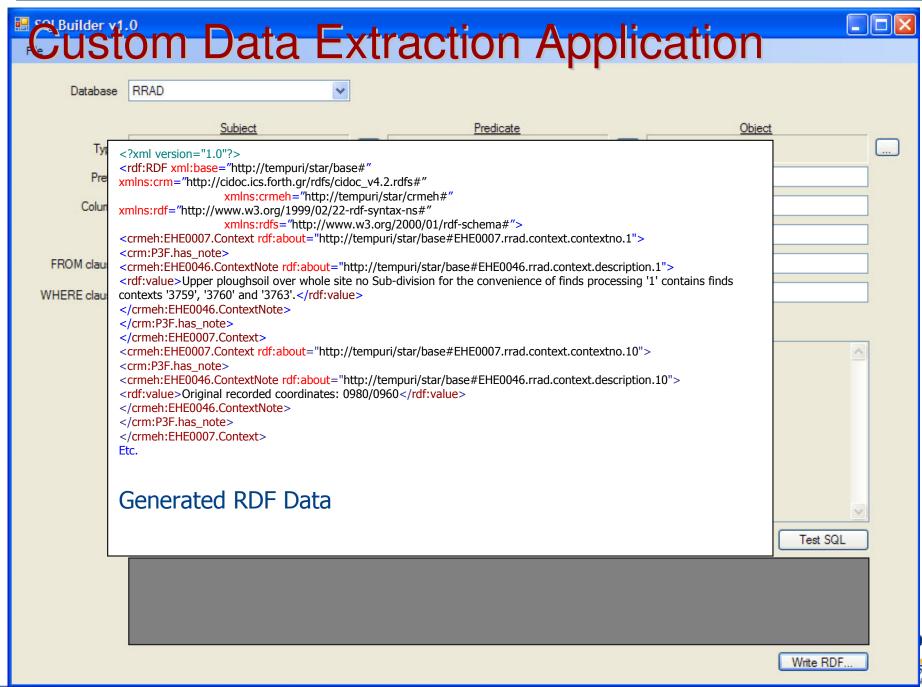
Data Extraction - Scope

- Extraction of data to RDF triples
 - 5 archaeological datasets
 - Custom data extraction application
- Conversion of controlled terminology
 - 6 thesauri converted to SKOS
 - 27 glossaries created in SKOS
 - Created based on recording manuals
 - MultiTes XSL transformation to SKOS





STAR - Semantic Technologies for Archaeological Resources





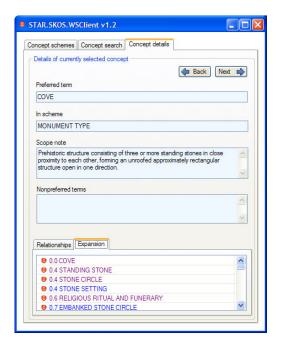
Data Extraction and Consolidation

- Data Extraction resultant files
 - 6 EH thesauri → 6 RDF files
 - 27 EH glossaries → 27 RDF files
 - 5 archaeological datasets → 305 RDF files
- Data Consolidation RDF "triple store" database
 - 1,148,882 entities, 2,998,005 triples
 - Diverse data held within single DB schema
 - CRM, CRMEH, SKOS, OWL, DC etc.
 - Platform independent import/export
 - RDF-XML, NTriples, Turtle
 - Inbuilt support for SPARQL queries
 - Custom extension for full text search





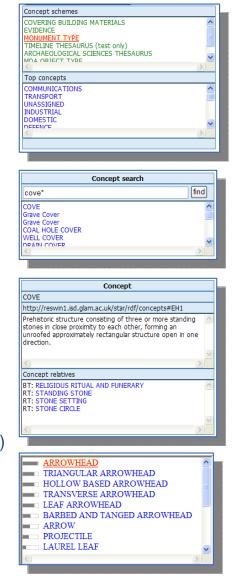
SKOS Web Service and Client Applications

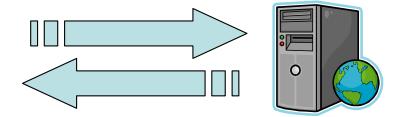


Windows based client application

Web browser based components ('widgets')

SKOS Client Applications



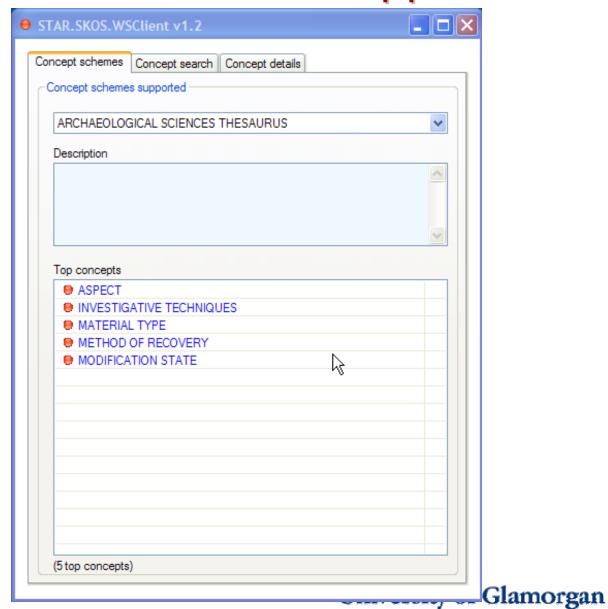


SKOS Web Service





SKOS Client – Windows Application

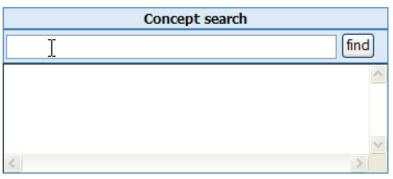






STAR - Semantic Technologies for Archaeological Resources

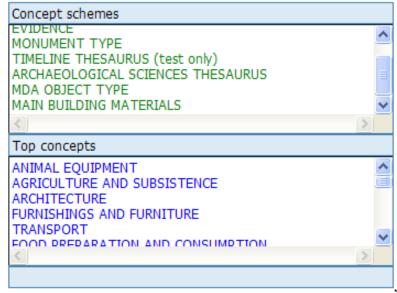
SKOS Client - Widgets



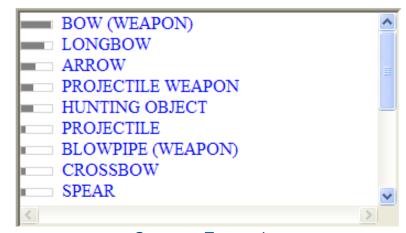
Concept Search



Concept Details



Concept Schemes



Concept Expansion

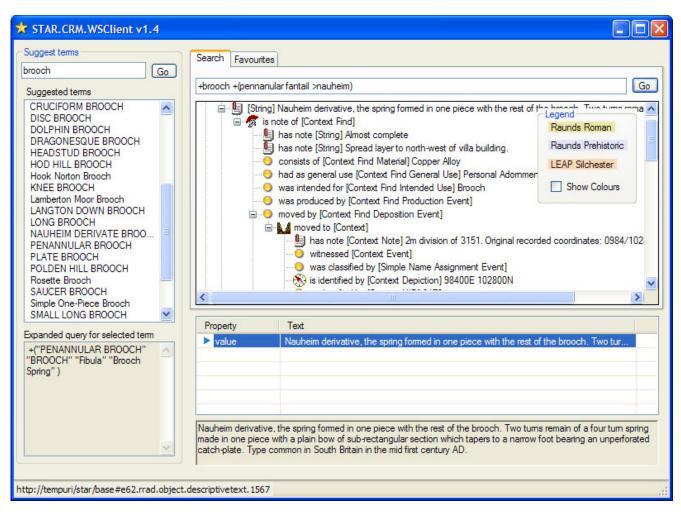


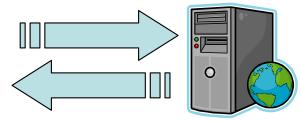






CRMEH Web Service and Client Application





CRMEH Web Service

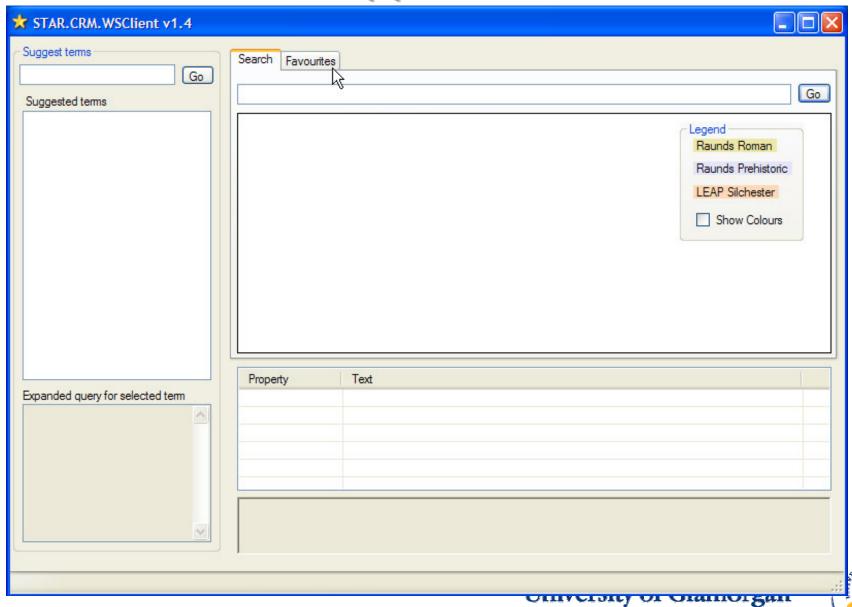
Search and browse seamlessly across multiple archaeological datasets

CRMEH Client Application





CRMEH Client Application

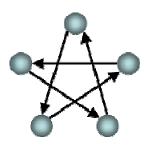




Next Steps...

- Query builder expose support for complex query patterns (SPARQL)
- Closer integration of thesauri into overall search process
- Browser-based application components (AJAX)
- Include further archaeological datasets

PRIVICE MORON



STAR Semantic Technologies for Archaeological Resources

http://hypermedia.research.glam.ac.uk/kos/star/

dstudhope@glam.ac.uk cbinding@glam.ac.uk







